

TITLE: TRIP HAZARD

VERSION: V3.0 08/11/23

DATE PUBLISHED:

DEFINITION:	Hazard ca	Hazard caused by an abrupt change in vertical elevation or horizontal separation on any walking surface.						
PURPOSE:	None							
COMMON COMPONENTS:	None							
LOCATION:	\boxtimes	Unit	Throughout the Unit.					
	\boxtimes	Inside	Throughout the Inside.					
	\boxtimes	Outside	Throughout the Outside.					
MORE INFORMATION:	None							
	rip hazard or I Unit	n walking surfac	ce. Inside 🛛 Outside					



Deficiency I — Unit:	Trip hazard c	ON WALKING SURFACE.				
Deficiency Criteria:	There is an abrupt change in vertical elevation or horizontal separation on any walking surface along the normal path of travel, consisting of the following criteria:					
	- An unintended ³ / ₄ -inch or greater vertical difference.					
	OF					
	- An unintended 2-inch or greater horizontal separation that is perpendicular to the path of travel.					
Health and Safety Determination:	Moderate	The Moderate Health and Safety category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a moderate risk of an adverse medical event requiring a healthcare visit; cause temporary harm; or if left untreated, cause or worsen a chronic condition that may have long-lasting adverse health effects; or that the physical security or safety of a resident or their property could be compromised.				
CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:	30 days					
HCV Pass / Fail:	Fail					
HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:	30 days					
Inspection Process:						
Observation:	- Look at the walking surface along the normal path of travel to identify a significant difference in vertical elevation horizontal separation.					
R EQUEST FOR HELP:	- None					
Action:	- If identified, i separation.	measure to determine if there is a ¾-inch or greater vertical separation or 2-inch or greater horizontal				
More Information:	- Examples of (conditions that should be evaluated under this deficiency include, but are not limited to:				
	- Any sur travel.	ce access cover that is missing and it is located along a walking surface. rface, object, or material that creates an unintended ³ / ₄ -inch or greater vertical rise along the path of ntended 2-inch or greater gap or space along the path of travel.				
	- Examples of (- An eng	conditions that should not be evaluated under this deficiency include, but are not limited to: ineer-designed gap or vertical difference (e.g., a raised manhole or a plant grate designed in the middle ath of travel).				
	- An inte	ntional transition from a walking surface to a doorway or entrance.				



Deficiency I — Inside:	TRIP HAZARD ON WALKING SURFACE.					
Deficiency Criteria:	There is an abrupt change in vertical elevation or horizontal separation on any walking surface along the normal path of travel, consisting of the following criteria:					
	- An unintended ³ / ₄ -inch or greater vertical difference.					
	OR - An	l unintended 2-inch or greater horizontal separation that is perpendicular to the path of travel.				
	- An unintended 2-men of greater nonzontal separation that is perpendicular to the path of travel.					
Health and Safety Determination:	Moderate	The Moderate Health and Safety category includes deficiencies that, if evident in the home or on the property, present a moderate risk of an adverse medical event requiring a healthcare visit; cause temporary harm; or if left untreated, cause or worsen a chronic condition that may have long-lasting adverse health effects; or that the physical security or safety of a resident or their property could be compromised.				
CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:	30 days					
HCV Pass / Fail:	Fail					
HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:	30 days					
Inspection Process:						
Observation:	- Look at the walking surface along the normal path of travel to identify a significant difference in vertical elevation horizontal separation.					
R EQUEST FOR HELP:	- None					
Action:	- If identified, measure to determine if there is a ³ / ₄ -inch or greater vertical separation or 2-inch or greater horizontal separation.					
More Information:	 Examples of conditions that should be evaluated under this deficiency include, but are not limited to: A service access cover that is missing and it is located along a walking surface. 					
	- Any sur travel.	face, object, or material that creates an unintended ¾-inch or greater vertical rise along the path of				
		tended 2-inch or greater gap or space along the path of travel.				
		conditions that should not be evaluated under this deficiency include, but are not limited to:				
	- An engi of a pa	neer-designed gap or vertical difference (e.g., a raised manhole or a plant grate designed in the middle th of travel).				
	- An inter	ntional transition from a walking surface to a doorway or entrance.				



Deficiency I - Outside: Trip hazard on walking surface.

Deficiency Criteria:	There is an abrupt change in vertical elevation or horizontal separation on any walking surface along the normal path of travel, consisting of the following criteria:					
	- An unintended ¾-inch or greater vertical difference. OR					
	- An unintended 2-inch or greater horizontal separation that is perpendicular to the path of travel.					
Health and Safety Determination:	Moderate The Moderate Health and Safety category includes deficiencies that, if evident on the property, present a moderate risk of an adverse medical event requi visit; cause temporary harm; or if left untreated, cause or worsen a chronic co have long-lasting adverse health effects; or that the physical security or safety their property could be compromised.	ring a healthcare ondition that may				
Correction Timeframe:	30 days					
HCV Pass / Fail:	Fail					
HCV CORRECTION TIMEFRAME:	30 days					
nspection Process:						
OBSERVATION:	- Look at the walking surface along the normal path of travel to identify a significant difference in vertical horizontal separation.					
R EQUEST FOR HELP:	- None					
Action:	- If identified, measure to determine if there is a $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch or greater vertical separation or 2-inch or separation.	greater horizonta				
More Information:	 Examples of conditions that should be evaluated under this deficiency include, but are not limited A service access cover that is missing and it is located along a walking surface. Any surface, object, or material that creates an unintended ³/₄-inch or greater vertical rise al travel. An unintended 2-inch or greater gap or space along the path of travel. Examples of conditions that should not be evaluated under this deficiency include, but are not limit. An engineer-designed gap or vertical difference (e.g., a raised manhole or a plant grate design of a path of travel). An intentional transition from a walking surface to a doorway or entrance. 	long the path of ited to:				